

**MATH 220  
MIDTERM II  
Spring 2017**

**NAME :**

**STUDENT I.D. :**

THIS EXAMINATION PAPER CONTAINS 7 PAGES AND 4 QUESTIONS. YOU ARE RESPONSIBLE FOR ENSURING THAT YOUR COPY OF THE PAPER IS COMPLETE. PLEASE BRING ANY DISCREPANCY TO THE ATTENTION OF THE INVIGILATOR.

No books, notes or calculators of any kind are allowed. You must give detailed mathematical explanations for all your conclusions in order to receive full credit.

*Duration of the examination is 110 minutes, starting at 15:40 and ending at 17:30.*

**GOOD LUCK !**

1	2	3	4	Total
25	30	25	20	100

**1. a)** (10 points) Let  $V$  be the vector space of all  $n \times n$  matrices (over  $\mathbb{R}$ ), and  $B$  be a fixed matrix in  $V$ . Let  $W$  be the set of all matrices  $A$  in  $V$  such that  $AB = BA$ . Show that  $W$  is a subspace of  $V$ .

**b)** Decide whether the following sentences are true or sometimes false. If it is true, then give a logical argument to justify it. If it is false, then give an example that illustrates why it is false.

**i)** (5 points) Let  $V$  be a vector space and  $S_1, S_2$  be a set of vectors in  $V$  such that  $S_1 \subseteq S_2$ . If  $S_1$  spans  $V$ , then  $S_2$  also spans  $V$ .

**ii)** (5 points) Let  $A$  be a  $2 \times 2$ -matrix and  $I_2$  denote the  $2 \times 2$  identity matrix. Then there exist real numbers  $\lambda_0, \dots, \lambda_4$  such that not all of the  $\lambda_i$ 's are equal to zero, but  $\lambda_0 I_2 + \lambda_1 A + \lambda_2 A^2 + \lambda_3 A^3 + \lambda_4 A^4 = 0$ .

**iii)** (5 points) Let  $A$  be an  $m \times n$  matrix which is already in row echelon form. The nullity of  $A$  is equal to the number of zero rows in  $A$ .

**2. a)** (15 points) Show that the following set of vectors is a basis for  $M_{22}$ .

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 4 \\ 2 & -4 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -1 \\ -1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -4 \\ -6 & -2 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ 1 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$$

**b)** (15 pts) Let  $\mathbb{R}_4$  denote the vector space of 4-tuples  $(a, b, c, d)$ . Let

$$S = \{\mathbf{v}_1, \mathbf{v}_2, \mathbf{v}_3, \mathbf{v}_4, \mathbf{v}_5\}$$

be a set of vectors in  $\mathbb{R}_4$ , where  $\mathbf{v}_1(x) = (1, 0, 1, 1)$ ,  $\mathbf{v}_2(x) = (3, 0, 3, 3)$ ,  $\mathbf{v}_3(x) = (0, 2, 2, 2)$ ,  $\mathbf{v}_4(x) = (1, 1, 2, 2)$ ,  $\mathbf{v}_5(x) = (1, 2, 1, 1)$ . Find a subset of  $S$  which is a basis for  $\mathbb{R}_4$ .

**3. a)** (15 points) Let  $S = \{\mathbf{v}_1, \mathbf{v}_2, \mathbf{v}_3\}$  and  $T = \{\mathbf{w}_1, \mathbf{w}_2, \mathbf{w}_3\}$  be ordered basis for  $R^3$ , where  $\mathbf{v}_1 = \mathbf{w}_1 - \mathbf{w}_2 + \mathbf{w}_3$ ,  $\mathbf{v}_2 = \mathbf{w}_1 - \mathbf{w}_3$ , and  $\mathbf{v}_3 = \mathbf{w}_2 + \mathbf{w}_3$ . Calculate the change of basis matrix  $P_{S \leftarrow T}$

**b)** (10 points) Find a basis for the subspace of 4-dimensional Euclidean space consisting of vectors  $(a, b, c, d)$  satisfying the equation  $a - 2b + 3c - 4d = 0$ .

4. (20 points) Consider the following matrix

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & -1 & -1 & 0 \\ -1 & -2 & 0 & 2 & 2 \\ 0 & -3 & 2 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

- a) Find a basis for the row space of  $A$ . What is the rank of  $A$ ?
- c) Find a basis for the null space of  $A$ . What is the nullity of  $A$ ?