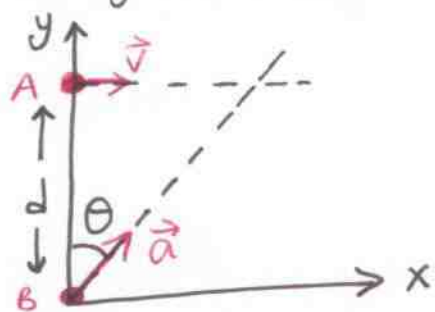


## FALL 2011 - PHYS 111 - Homework 2

- 1) A particle  $A$  moves along the line  $y = d$  (30 m) with a constant velocity  $\vec{v}$  ( $|\vec{v}| = 3.0 \text{ m/s}$ ) directed parallel to the positive  $x$ -axis. A second particle  $B$  starts at the origin with zero speed and constant acceleration  $\vec{a}$  ( $|\vec{a}| = 0.4 \text{ m/s}^2$ ) at the same instant that particle  $A$  passes the  $y$ -axis. What angle  $\theta$  between  $\vec{a}$  and the positive  $y$ -axis would result in a collision between two particles?



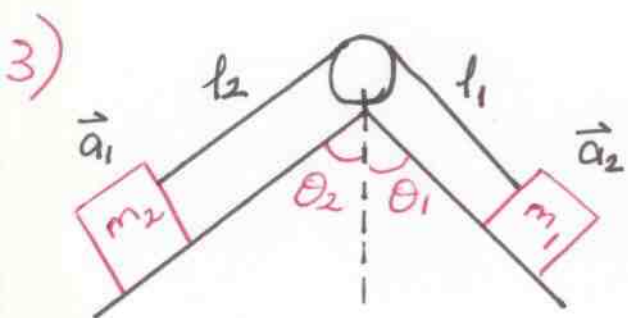
- 2) A particle moves in a plane according to

$$x = R \sin \omega t + \omega R t$$

$$y = R \cos \omega t + R$$

where  $\omega$  and  $R$  are constants. This curve, called a cycloid, is the path traced out by a point on the rim of a wheel that rolls without slipping along the  $x$ -axis.

- Sketch the path
- Calculate the instantaneous velocity and acceleration when the particle is at its maximum and minimum value of  $y$



Consider the pulley and the string to be massless. There is no friction in the system. Then calculate the tension on the string and the acceleration of the second block.

$$T = ? \quad \vec{a}_2 = ?$$