

4. Find the absolute maximum and minimum values of the restriction of the function

$$f(x, y, z) = xy + xz$$

to the unit sphere $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 1$.

$$\begin{aligned} \vec{\nabla} f &= \lambda \vec{\nabla} g \\ g &= c \end{aligned} \Rightarrow \left\{ \begin{array}{l} f_x = \lambda g_x \\ f_y = \lambda g_y \\ f_z = \lambda g_z \\ g = c \end{array} \right\} \Rightarrow \left\{ \begin{array}{l} y+z = \lambda \cdot 2x \\ x = \lambda \cdot 2y \\ x = \lambda \cdot 2z \\ x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 1 \end{array} \right.$$

(1)
(2)
(3)
(4)

$$(2) \text{ and } (3) \Rightarrow 2y = 2z \quad \downarrow$$

$$(5) y = z$$

$$(6) y = \lambda x$$

$$x = 2\lambda^2 x$$

or

$$\lambda = 0$$

$$(1) \downarrow \quad (2) \Rightarrow x = 0$$

$$z = -y$$

$$2y^2 = 1$$

$$y = \pm \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$z = \mp \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$(0, \pm \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}, \mp \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}})$$

$\lambda = 1$
no solution

$$(\pm \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}, \pm \frac{1}{2}, \pm \frac{1}{2})$$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$-\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$

As the unit sphere is bounded,

abs max is $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$ and abs min is $-\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$.