

2a. Evaluate the integral  $\int \frac{dx}{(\tan x + \cot x)^2}$ .

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{dx}{(\tan x + \cot x)^2} &= \int \frac{dx}{\left(\frac{\sin x}{\cos x} + \frac{\cos x}{\sin x}\right)^2} = \int \frac{\sin^2 x \cos^2 x}{(\sin^2 x + \cos^2 x)^2} dx \\ &= \frac{1}{4} \int \sin^2 2x dx = \frac{1}{4} \int \frac{1 - \cos 4x}{2} dx = \frac{1}{8} x - \frac{1}{32} \sin 4x + C \end{aligned}$$

2b. A function  $f$  with a continuous derivative satisfies:

$$f(0) = 1, \quad f(\pi/4) = 2, \quad \int_0^{\pi/4} f(x) dx = 3, \quad \int_0^{\pi/4} f(x) \tan^2 x dx = 4$$

Evaluate  $\int_0^{\pi/4} f'(x) \tan x dx$ .

$$\int_0^{\pi/4} f'(x) \tan x dx = \left[ f(x) \tan x \right]_0^{\pi/4} - \int_0^{\pi/4} f(x) \sec^2 x dx$$

$$\begin{aligned} u = \tan x &\Rightarrow du = \sec^2 x dx \\ dv = f'(x) dx &\Rightarrow v = f(x) \end{aligned}$$

$$= f\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) \tan\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) - f(0) \tan(0) - \int_0^{\pi/4} f(x) (\tan^2 x + 1) dx$$

$$= 2 - \int_0^{\pi/4} f(x) \tan^2 x dx - \int_0^{\pi/4} f(x) dx = 2 - 4 - 3 = -5$$