

# ALGEBRAIC GEOMETRY

## HOMEWORK 1

Due Tu 22.02.04

- (1) Consider the equation  $X^2 - DY^2 = 1$ , where  $D \in \mathbb{C}[T]$  is a nonconstant polynomial of degree  $\deg D > 0$ . Let  $n(D)$  denote the number of distinct zeros of  $D$ . Show that the equation does not have any solutions  $X, Y \in \mathbb{C}[T]$  except  $(\pm 1, 0)$  if  $2n(D) \leq \deg D$ .
- (2) Describe all solutions  $X, Y, Z \in \mathbb{F}_p[T]$  of the Fermat equation  $X^p + Y^p = Z^p$ .
- (3) Find all points at infinity on the following curves in  $\mathbb{A}^2\mathbb{C}$ :
  - (a)  $2x^2y + x + y^2 = 0$ ;
  - (b)  $x^4 + y^4 = 1$ .
- (4) Find all points on the projective closure of the curve  $y^2 = x^3 + x$  over  $\mathbb{F}_3$ .
- (5) Parametrize the conic  $\mathcal{C} : x^2 + xy + y^2 = 3$  over  $\mathbb{Q}$ . Extend the corresponding map  $\phi : \mathbb{A}^1\mathbb{Q} \rightarrow \mathcal{C}(\mathbb{Q})$  to a polynomial map  $\phi^\# : \mathbb{P}^1\mathbb{Q} \rightarrow \mathcal{C}^\#(\mathbb{Q})$ , where  $\mathcal{C}^\#(\mathbb{Q})$  denotes the rational points on  $\mathcal{C}$  in the projective plane. Is  $\phi$  injective, surjective, bijective? What about  $\phi^\#$ ?