DISCRETE MATHEMATICS

HOMEWORK 6

- (1) How many 8-digit numbers are there whose digits are from $\{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\}$ such that each digit occurs at least once?
- (2) How many numbers $1 \leq n \leq 1000$ are not a perfect square? How many are neither perfect squares nor cubes?
- (3) Find the number of integer solutions for the following equations:

 - (a) $x_1 + x_2 + x_3 + x_4 = 20, \ 0 \le x_i \le 7.$ (b) $x_1 + x_2 + x_3 + x_4 = 20, \ x_i \ge 0, \ x_2$ and x_3 even. (c) $x_1 + x_2 + x_3 + x_4 + x_5 = 30, \ 2 \le x_1 \le 4, \ 3 \le x_i \le 8$ for i = 2, 3, 4, 5.(d) $x_1 + x_2 + x_3 + x_4 + x_5 = 30, \ x_i \ge 0, \ x_2$ even, x_3 odd.
- (4) Find the coefficient of x^{50} in $(x^7 + x^8 + x^9 + ...)^6$.
- (5) Find the coefficient of x^{15} in $\frac{x^3-5x}{(1-x)^3}$.