## DISCRETE MATHEMATICS

## HOMEWORK 6

(1) How many 8 -digit numbers are there whose digits are from $\{1,2,3,4,5,6\}$ such that each digit occurs at least once?
(2) How many numbers $1 \leq n \leq 1000$ are not a perfect square? How many are neither perfect squares nor cubes?
(3) Find the number of integer solutions for the following equations:
(a) $x_{1}+x_{2}+x_{3}+x_{4}=20,0 \leq x_{i} \leq 7$.
(b) $x_{1}+x_{2}+x_{3}+x_{4}=20, x_{i} \geq 0, x_{2}$ and $x_{3}$ even.
(c) $x_{1}+x_{2}+x_{3}+x_{4}+x_{5}=30,2 \leq x_{1} \leq 4,3 \leq x_{i} \leq 8$ for $i=2,3,4,5$.
(d) $x_{1}+x_{2}+x_{3}+x_{4}+x_{5}=30, x_{i} \geq 0, x_{2}$ even, $x_{3}$ odd.
(4) Find the coefficient of $x^{50}$ in $\left(x^{7}+x^{8}+x^{9}+\ldots\right)^{6}$.
(5) Find the coefficient of $x^{15}$ in $\frac{x^{3}-5 x}{(1-x)^{3}}$.

