

Bilkent University
Department of Mathematics

## Problem Of The Month

Term: September 2014

The increasing infinite sequence of positive integers $\left\{x_{i}\right\}_{i=1}^{\infty}$ is said to be $n$-sequence if for each $x_{i}$ the smallest positive integer $j$ for which $1+x_{i} j^{3}$ is a perfect cube is $n$. Show that for each positive integer $n$ there exists a $n$-sequence.

