

Bilkent University
Department of Mathematics

## Problem Of The Month

October 2013

## Problem:

There are $N$ points in the space no three of which are collinear. All pairs of points are connected by $\binom{N}{2}$ line segments and each segment is colored either blue or red such that the following two conditions are held:

- there is no triangle with exactly 1 blue side
-๑ there are no 13 points any two connected by the same colored segment
What is the maximal possible value of $N$ ?


## Solution:

The set of points $A$ is said to be red connected if any points from $A$ are connected by red segment. Let $A_{1}$ be a maximal red connected set (if there are several we choose any one of them). Consider any point $c$ from the complement of $A_{1}$. Since $A_{1}$ is maximal, $c$ is not connected to all points from $A_{1}$ by red segments, and since there is no triangle with exactly one blue side $c$ is connected to all points of $A_{1}$ by blue segments. Similarly for each $k \geq 2$ we define sets $A_{k}$ which are maximal red connected set from the complement of $\cup_{i=1}^{k-1} A_{i}$ until $\left|\cup_{i=1}^{k} A_{i}\right|=N$. As it was shown above, any point $c$ from the complement of $A_{i}$ is connected to all points of $A_{i}$ by blue segments. Thus, any two points from $A_{i}$ and $A_{j}, i \neq j$ are connected by blue segments. Since no 13 points are connected by the same colored segments $\left|A_{i}\right| \leq 12$ and $k \leq 12$. Therefore, $N \leq 12 \cdot 12=144$. The bound $N=144$ is achieved in the straightforward example when $\left|A_{i}\right|=12$ for each $k=1,2, \ldots, 12$. Done.

